



(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to Pondicherry University)

VALUE ADDED COURSES 2018-2019

Department of Science & Humanities.

18SH01- Teaching of English Language and Literature

FINAL COURSE ENROLLMENT DETAILS

MARK SHEET

Sl. No	Register Number	Student Name	MARKS
1.	18TD1401	ADARSH S	96
2.	18TD1402	ANITHA I	88
3.	18TD1403	ANITHA R	92
4.	18TD1404	ARTHI K	95
5.	18TD1405	DEEPA S	94
6.	18TD1406	FAVAZ AHAMED M	88
7.	18TD1407	GNANADISHALI P	84
8.	18TD1408	GOPINATH N	88
9.	18TD1409	GUNAPRIYA M	92
10.	18TD1410	IMMANUEL PAUL S	88
11.	18TD1411	KEERTHIGA K	84
12.	18TD1412	KOWSALYA M	88
13.	18TD1413	MADHAVAKUMARAN P	92
14.	18TD1414	MADHUBALA R	88
15.	18TD1415	MANIKANDAN P	84
16.	18TD1416	MEHARIN BEGAM M	95

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17.	18TD1417	PAVITHRA K	94
18.	18TD1418	PREETHA R	88
19.	18TD1419	PREMKUMAR M	84
20.	18TD1420	PRIYADARSHANI P	88
21.	18TD1421	PUSHPA R	92
22.	18TD1422	RIFATHALMAS S	88
23.	18TD1423	SANDHIYA E	84
24.	18TD1424	SENBAGAM B	95
25.	18TD1425	SHANTHINI A	94
26.	18TD1426	SIVASAKTHI C	88
27.	18TD1427	SOORIYA MOORTHY G B	84
28.	18TD1428	SUGANYA P	88
29.	18TD1429	SUGUMARAN M	92
30.	18TD1430	SUMITHRA S	88
31.	18TD1431	SUNITHA C	84
32.	18TD1432	VIJAY V	95
33.	18TD1433	VINODHINI M	94 ,
34.	18TC1201	ABITHA V	88
35.	18TC1202	AGALYA B	84
36.	18TC1203	ANITHA N	88
37.	18TC1204	FOUSIA BEGAM Y	92

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38.	18TC1205	JOTHILAKSHMI A	88
39.	18TC1206	KAMARUNISHA H	84
40.	18TC1207	KAVITHA U	95
41.	18TC1208	MATHIYARASI S	94
42.	18TC1209	NASIRA BANU M	88
43.	18TC1210	PAVITHRA S	84
44.	18TC1211	PRIYADARSINI D	93
45.	18TC1212	RAJALAKSHMI M	92
46.	18TC1213	RAJESWARI P	88
47.	18TC1214	SANGARI A	92
48.	18TC1215	SANGEETHA K	84
49.	18TC1216	SUVEDHA V	95
50.	18TC1217	7 VASHUMATHY S	94
51.	18TC121	8 VISHNUPRIYA S	88
52.	18TE085	1 JAYASREE J	84
53.	18TE085	2 MAHALAKSHMI M	93

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VALUE ADDED COURSES

2018-2019

Department of Science & Humanities.

18SH01-TEACHING OF ENGLISH LITEATURE

NAME:

CLASS:

DATE:

- 1. Which of the following is a primary goal of teaching English literature?
 - A. To teach grammar rules
 - B. To analyze and appreciate literary works
 - C. To improve handwriting
 - D. To memorize dates

Answer: B. To analyze and appreciate literary works

- 2. Which literary period is known for its emphasis on reason and logic?
 - A. Romanticism
 - B. Modernism
 - C. Enlightenment
 - D. Postmodernism

Answer: C. Enlightenment

- 3. Who is considered the father of English literature?
 - A. William Shakespeare
 - B. Geoffrey Chaucer
 - C. John Milton
 - D. Charles Dickens

Answer: B. Geoffrey Chaucer

- 4. Which of the following is a common approach to teaching poetry in the classroom?
 - A. Focusing solely on memorization
 - B. Encouraging creative interpretation and personal response
 - C. Ignoring the historical context
 - D. Avoiding discussions on themes

Answer: B. Encouraging creative interpretation and personal response

- 5. In literature, what is a theme?
 - A. The plot of the story
 - B. The underlying message or main idea
 - C. The character list
 - D. The setting

Answer: B. The underlying message or main idea

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- 6. What is the purpose of a literary analysis essay?
 - A. To summarize the plot
 - B. To provide a detailed examination of the elements of a literary work
 - C. To create a new story
 - D. To express personal opinions unrelated to the text

Answer: B. To provide a detailed examination of the elements of a literary work

- 7. Which of the following best describes the term "genre"?
 - A. A list of characters in a story
 - B. A category of literature characterized by similarities in form, style, or subject matter
 - C. The moral of a story
 - D. The setting of a story

Answer: B. A category of literature characterized by similarities in form, style, or subject matter

- 8. Who wrote "Pride and Prejudice"?
 - A. Emily Brontë
 - B. Mary Shelley
 - C. Jane Austen
 - D. Charlotte Brontë

Answer: C. Jane Austen

- 9. What is the significance of context in understanding a literary work?
 - A. It provides background information that enhances comprehension
 - B. It has no impact on the understanding of the text
 - C. It replaces the need for textual analysis
 - D. It is only important for historical documents

Answer: A. It provides background information that enhances comprehension

- 10. Which of the following is an effective way to teach Shakespearean plays?
 - A. Focusing only on the language
 - B. Incorporating performance and dramatization
 - C. Avoiding discussions on themes and characters
 - D. Ignoring historical and cultural contexts

Answer: B. Incorporating performance and dramatization

- 11. What is a "foil" in literature?
 - A. A type of plot structure
 - B. A character who contrasts with another character, usually the protagonist, to highlight particular qualities
 - C. A type of figurative language
 - D. A recurring theme

Answer: B. A character who contrasts with another character, usually the

protagonist, to highlight particular qualities



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- 12. Which of the following is a benefit of using group discussions in literature classes?
 - A. Students can avoid reading the text
 - B. It encourages passive learning
 - C. It fosters critical thinking and diverse perspectives
 - D. It eliminates the need for teacher involvement

Answer: C. It fosters critical thinking and diverse perspectives

- 13. Who is the author of "1984"?
 - A. Aldous Huxley
 - B. George Orwell
 - C. J.R.R. Tolkien
 - D. F. Scott Fitzgerald

Answer: B. George Orwell

- 14. What is an effective strategy for teaching complex texts?
 - A. Simplifying the text completely
 - B. Avoiding difficult passages
 - C. Providing scaffolding and support, such as background information and guided reading questions
 - D. Letting students figure it out on their own without any guidance

Answer: C. Providing scaffolding and support, such as background information and guided reading questions

- 15. What is "symbolism" in literature?
 - A. The use of symbols to represent ideas or qualities
 - B. A type of plot twist
 - C. A specific genre of literature
 - D. The main theme of a story

Answer: A. The use of symbols to represent ideas or qualities

- 16. Which literary device involves the repetition of initial consonant sounds?
 - A. Assonance
 - B. Metaphor
 - C. Alliteration
 - D. Simile

Answer: C. Alliteration

- 17. What is the climax of a story?
 - A. The beginning of the story
 - B. The conclusion of the story
 - C. The turning point or most intense moment in the plot
 - D. The background information

Answer: C. The turning point or most intense moment in the plot



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- 18. Which of the following authors is known for writing during the Romantic period?
 - A. T.S. Eliot
 - B. William Wordsworth
 - C. Ernest Hemingway
 - D. James Joyce

Answer: B. William Wordsworth

- 19. Why is it important to include diverse literary texts in the curriculum?
 - A. To reduce the workload of teachers
 - B. To reflect the experiences and cultures of all students
 - C. To confuse students
 - D. To focus on one perspective only

Answer: B. To reflect the experiences and cultures of all students

- 20. What is "irony" in literature?
 - A. A straightforward statement
 - B. A contrast between expectation and reality
 - C. An extended metaphor
 - D. A type of rhyme scheme

Answer: B. A contrast between expectation and reality

- 21. Which of the following is a benefit of teaching literature through thematic units?
 - A. It narrows the focus of study
 - B. It helps students make connections between texts and real-world issues
 - C. It limits the diversity of texts
 - D. It discourages critical thinking

Answer: B. It helps students make connections between texts and real-world issues

- 22. Who is the protagonist in "The Catcher in the Rye"?
 - A. Jay Gatsby
 - B. Holden Caulfield
 - C. Atticus Finch
 - D. Elizabeth Bennet

Answer: B. Holden Caulfield

- 23. What is the purpose of a literature circle?
 - A. To have students work independently
 - B. To promote discussion and deeper understanding of a text
 - C. To avoid group work
 - D. To replace individual reading

Answer: B. To promote discussion and deeper understanding of a text



URTHI, M.E., Ph.C. Dr. S. SEENUVAS

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- 24. Which of the following best defines "tone" in literature?
 - A. The main character's dialogue
 - B. The author's attitude toward the subject
 - C. The plot's climax
 - D. The setting of the story
 - Answer: B. The author's attitude toward the subject
- 25. Why is it important to teach literary terms and devices?
 - A. To make the class more difficult
 - B. To help students analyze and discuss literature more effectively
 - C. To lengthen the syllabus
 - D. To focus only on plot summary
 - Answer: B. To help students analyze and discuss literature more effectively



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VALUE ADDED COURSES

2018-2019

Department of Science & Humanities.

18SH01-TEACHING OF ENGLISH LITEATURE

NAME: ADARSH.S CLASS: I/S&H DATE: 20/08/2018

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7.	Which	of the	following	best	describes	the	term	"genre"?	
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A. A list of characters in a story

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- 21. Which of the following is a benefit of teaching literature through thematic units?
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 - C. To lengthen the syllabus
 - D. To focus only on plot summary



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Certificate of Completion

2018-2019

This is to certify that Mr/Ms......RAJALAKSHIMI M

course.

TEACHING OF ENGILISH

COURSE TITLE: LANGUAGE & LITERATURE

COURSE DURATION: (9-8-2018 to 14-8-2018)

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SCORE:92.

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VALUE ADDED COURSES 2018-2019

Department of Science & Humanities.

18SH02- Nuclear and Particle Physics

MARK SHEET

Sl. No	Register Number	Student Name	MARKS
1.	18TH1001	ANANDHASAMYUKTHA P	96 .
2.	18TH1002	BALASUBRAMANIAN S	88
3.	18TH1003	DEEPIKA R	92
4.	18TH1004	DIVYA R	95
5.	18TH1005	KALAIVANI J	94
6.	18TH1006	KANIMOZHI K	88
7.	18TH1007	KAVIYA K	84
8.	18TH1008	MANIKANDAN A	88
9.	18TH1009	MANJU S	92
10.	18TH1010	MOHAMED SHAFEE S	88
11.	18TH1011	MONISHA M	84
12.	18TH1012	MUGUNDHAN K	88
13.	18TH1013	RAJESH S	92
14.	18TH1014	RANJITH R	88,
15.	18TH1015	SANTHIYA S	84
16.	18TH1016	SIVASAKTHI M	95
17.	18TH1017	THAMIZHARASAN P	8694



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18.	18TH1018	VENKATESH S	88
19.	18TH1019	VISHNUPRIYA A	84
20.	18TB1201	AJAY D	88
21.	18TB1202	AMEENUL ISLAM N	92
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30.	18TB1211	KOWS R	88
31.	18TB1212	MOHAMED IRSHATH R	84
32.	18TB1213	SARANVEL M	95
33.	18TB1214	SELVAGANAPATHY T	94
34.	18TB1215	SIVA A	88
35.	18TB1216	SIVARAJ K	84
36.	18TB1217	SIVASANKARAN K	88
37.	18TB1218	VUBALANKA SAI VENKATA SRI RAM	92

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VALUE ADDED COURSES

2018-2019

Department of Science & Humanities.

18SH02- NULEAR PARTICLE

NAME:

CLASS:

DATE:

- 1. Which of the following particles is found in the nucleus of an atom?
 - A. Electron
 - B. Proton
 - C. Neutrino
 - D. Positron

Answer: B. Proton

- 2. What is the charge of a neutron?
 - A. Positive
 - B. Negative
 - C. Neutral
 - D. Variable

Answer: C. Neutral

- 3. Which particle is responsible for binding protons and neutrons in the nucleus?
 - A. Electron
 - B. Photon
 - C. Gluon
 - D. Neutrino

Answer: C. Gluon

- 4. What is the anti-particle of an electron called?
 - A. Proton
 - B. Neutron
 - C. Positron
 - D. Muon

Answer: C. Positron

- 5. Which type of radiation consists of two protons and two neutrons?
 - A. Alpha radiation
 - B. Beta radiation
 - C. Gamma radiation
 - D. Neutron radiation

Answer: A. Alpha radiation

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- 6. Which particle is emitted during beta decay?
 - A. Proton
 - B. Neutron
 - C. Electron or positron
 - D. Photon
 - Answer: C. Electron or positron
- 7. What is a neutrino?
 - A. A particle with no charge and very small mass
 - B. A positively charged particle
 - C. A particle with the same mass as a proton
 - D. A particle with twice the mass of a neutron
 - Answer: A. A particle with no charge and very small mass
- 8. Which of the following particles is the heaviest?
 - A. Electron
 - B. Proton
 - C. Neutron
 - D. Photon
 - Answer: C. Neutron
- 9. What is the name of the process by which a heavy nucleus splits into two lighter nuclei?
 - A. Fusion
 - B. Fission
 - C. Beta decay
 - D. Alpha decay
 - Answer: B. Fission
- 10. Which particle mediates the weak nuclear force?
 - A. Photon
 - B. Gluon
 - C. W and Z bosons
 - D. Graviton
 - Answer: C. W and Z bosons
- 11. What is the rest mass of an electron in MeV/c2?
 - A. 0.511
 - B. 1.672
 - C. 0.938
 - D. 1.007
 - Answer: A. 0.511

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- 12. Which particle is responsible for beta-minus decay?
 - A. Neutrino
 - B. Positron
 - C. Electron
 - D. Antineutrino
 - Answer: D. Antineutrino
- 13. Which of the following particles has a spin of 1/2?
 - A. Photon
 - B. Gluon
 - C. Electron
 - D. Higgs boson
 - Answer: C. Electron
- 14. What is a quark?
 - A. A fundamental particle that makes up protons and neutrons
 - B. A particle with no charge
 - C. A type of lepton
 - D. A particle that mediates the electromagnetic force
 - Answer: A. A fundamental particle that makes up protons and neutrons
- 15. How many types of quarks are there?
 - A. 2
 - B. 4
 - C. 6
 - D. 8
 - Answer: C. 6
- 16. Which of the following is not a type of quark?
 - A. Up
 - B. Down
 - C. Strange
 - D. Charm
 - Answer: D. Charm
- 17. What particle is released during gamma decay?
 - A. Electron
 - B. Proton
 - C. Neutron
 - D. Photon
 - Answer: D. Photon

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- 18. What is the baryon number of a proton?
 - A. 0
 - B. 1
 - C. -1
 - D. 2
 - Answer: B. 1
- 19. Which of the following particles is a lepton?
 - A. Proton
 - B. Neutron
 - C. Electron
 - D. Pion
 - Answer: C. Electron
- 20. Which of the following is a property of neutrinos?
 - A. They interact strongly with matter
 - B. They have a large mass
 - C. They are electrically neutral
 - D. They have a positive charge
 - Answer: C. They are electrically neutral
- 21. Which particle is not affected by the strong nuclear force?
 - A. Proton
 - B. Neutron
 - C. Electron
 - D. Quark
 - Answer: C. Electron
- 22. What is the charge of an up quark?
 - A. -1/3
 - B. 0
 - C. +2/3
 - D. +1
 - Answer: C. +2/3
- 23. Which particle is the mediator of the electromagnetic force?
 - A. Photon
 - B. Gluon
 - C. W boson
 - D. Z boson
 - Answer: A. Photon

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- 24. What is the name given to the particle predicted by the Standard Model and discovered at CERN in 2012?
 - A. Neutrino
 - B. Higgs boson
 - C. Graviton
 - D. Tau lepton

Answer: B. Higgs boson

- 25. What is the name of the theoretical particle that mediates the gravitational force?
 - A. Photon
 - B. Gluon
 - C. Graviton
 - D. Higgs boson

Answer: C. Graviton



Dr. S. SEENUVASAMURTH, M.E., Ph.C. PRINCIPAL

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VALUE ADDED COURSES

2018-2019

Department of Science & Humanities.

18SH02- NUCLEAR AND PARTICLE PHYSICS

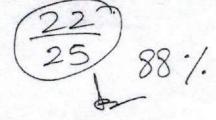
NAME: SIVA - A CLASS: I/3 & H DATE: 20/08/2018

1.	Which of the	following	particles	is found	in the	nucleus of	f an atom?
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- A. Electron
- B. Proton
- C. Neutrino
- D. Positron

2	What is	41				
1	Whati	c the	Charge	At a	Delitror	100
4.	TT LICLE I	o tille	CHAILE	UI a	neution	1:

- A. Positive
- B. Negative
- C. Neutral
- D. Variable



- 3. Which particle is responsible for binding protons and neutrons in the nucleus?
 - A. Electron
 - B. Photon
 - e! Gluon
 - D. Neutrino

4. What is the anti-particle of an electron called?

- A. Proton
- B. Neutron
- e. Positron

5. Which type of radiation consists of two protons and two neutrons?

- A. Alpha radiation
- B. Beta radiation
- C. Gamma radiation
- D. Neutron radiation
- 6. Which particle is emitted during beta decay?
 - A. Proton
 - B. Neutron
 - C. Electron or positron
 - D. Photon



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7.	What	isa	neutrino?

- A. A particle with no charge and very small mass
- B. A positively charged particle
- C. A particle with the same mass as a proton
- D. A particle with twice the mass of a neutron
- 8. Which of the following particles is the heaviest?
 - A. Electron
 - B. Proton
 - C. Neutron
 - D. Photon
- 9. What is the name of the process by which a heavy nucleus splits into two lighter nuclei?
 - A. Fusion
 - B. Fission
 - C. Beta decay
 - D. Alpha decay
- 10. Which particle mediates the weak nuclear force?
 - A. Photon
 - B. Gluon
 - C. W and Z bosons
 - D. Graviton
- 11. What is the rest mass of an electron in MeV/c2?
 - A. 0.511
 - B. 1.672
 - C. 0.938
 - D. 1.007
- 12. Which particle is responsible for beta-minus decay?
 - A. Neutrino
 - B. Positron
 - C. Electron
 - D. Antineutrino
- 13. Which of the following particles has a spin of 1/2?
 - A. Photon
 - B. Gluon
 - .C. Electron
 - D. Higgs boson





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14. What is a quark:	stone and neutrons
A. A fundamental particle that makes up pr	otons and neutrons
B. A particle with no charge	
C. A type of lepton	
D. A particle that mediates the electromagn	etic force
15. How many types of quarks are there?	
A. 2	
B.4	X
C. 6	/
D. 8	
16. Which of the following is not a type of quark?	
A. Up	/
B. Down	
C. Ştrange	
D. Charm	
17. What particle is released during gamma decay	?
A. Electron	
B. Proton	
C. Neutron	
D. Photon	
7	
18. What is the baryon number of a proton?	
A.0	/
B. 1	/
C1	
D. 2	
19. Which of the following particles is a lepton?	
A. Proton	/
B. Neutron	
Ø. Electron	
D. Pion	
20. Which of the following is a property of neut	rinos?
A. They interact strongly with matter	
B. They have a large mass	/
C. They are electrically neutral	
D. They have a positive charge	



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21. Which particl	e is not affected by the strong nuclea	ir force?
-------------------	--	-----------

- A. Proton
- B. Neutron
- C. Electron
- D. Quark

						.0
22.	What is	s the	charge	or an	up quark	٠.

- A. -1/3
- B. 0
- Q.+2/3
- D. +1

23. Which particle is the mediator of the electromagnetic force?

- A. Photon
- B. Gluon
 - C. W boson
 - D. Z boson
- 24. What is the name given to the particle predicted by the Standard Model and discovered at CERN in 2012?
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This is to certify that Mr/Ms	

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Year....... Department.... 3.8.4..... has successfully Completed the Value added

course.

COURSE TITLE: NUCLEAR & PARTICLE PHYSICS

COURSE DURATION: ..9-18... 60. 14-8-18...

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Dr. S. SEENUVASAMURTHI, M.E., Ph.CONY

SCORE: 38

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